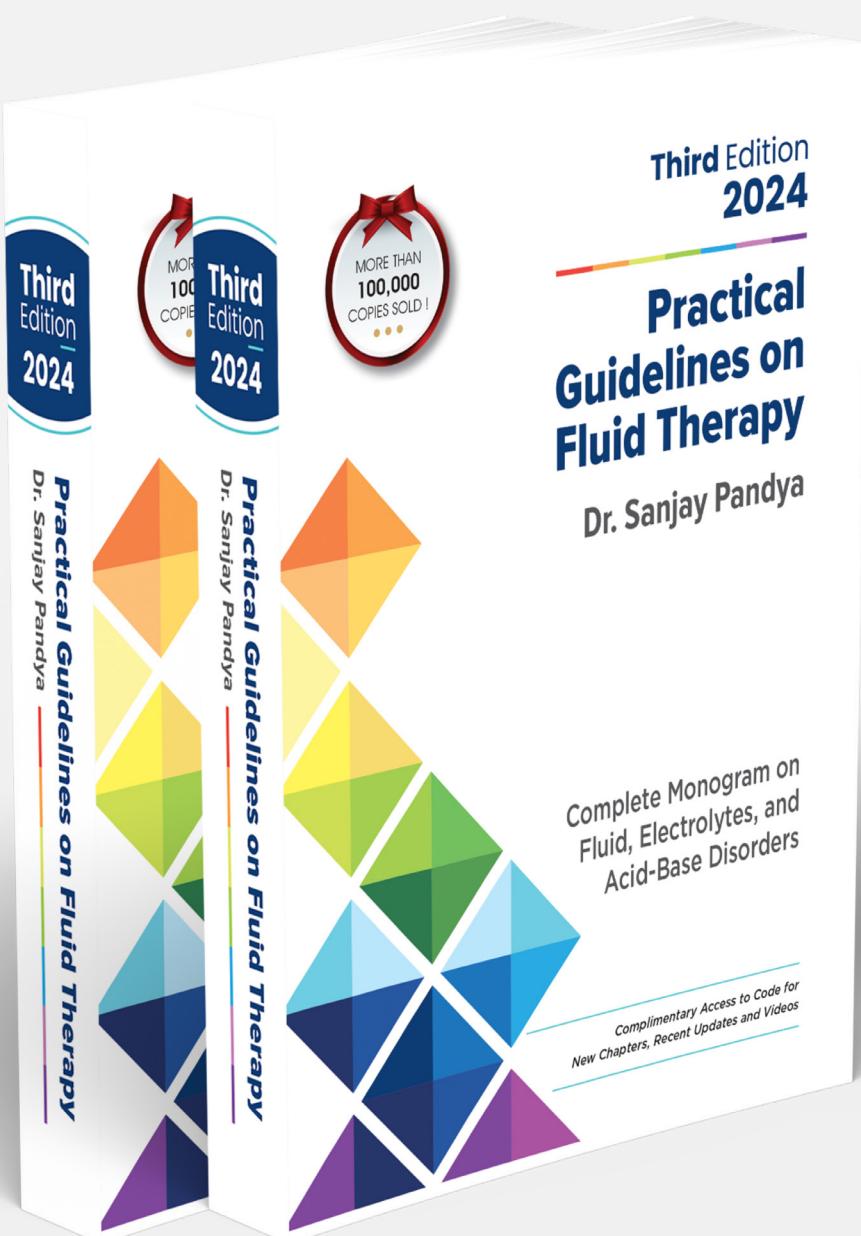




Fluid
therapy.org

Chapter 28:

Hypomagnesemia



To get a copy of the book, visit: www.fluidtherapy.org

28

Hypomagnesemia

Basic Physiology.....	326	Management.....	330
HYPOMAGNESEMIA.....	328	Correction of underlying etiology..	330
Etiology	328	Basic principles of therapy	331
Clinical Features.....	328	Replacement of magnesium.....	332
Diagnosis	330	Mild hypomagnesemia	332
History and physical examination..	330	Moderate hypomagnesemia....	332
Routinely ordered investigations ..	330	Severe hypomagnesemia.....	332
Urinary magnesium excretion.....	330	Parenteral magnesium therapy	333

SERUM MAGNESIUM

Disorder of magnesium, especially hypomagnesemia, is expected particularly in ICU patients and usually occurs due to renal and gastrointestinal (GI) losses. However, hypermagnesemia is a less frequent disorder than hypomagnesemia, and its most common cause is renal failure.

BASIC PHYSIOLOGY

- Magnesium is the fourth most common cation of the body (after Na^+ , K^+ ,

and Ca^{2+}), the second most common intracellular cation (after K^+), and the commonest intracellular divalent cation.

- **Distribution:** About 60% of body magnesium is in bones, 39% is within the cells, and only 1% is in extracellular fluid (ECF). Up to 40% of total plasma magnesium is protein-bound, 5–10% is in complex form, and about 50–55% is in a free, ionized form, which is a biologically active ion (like calcium).

Table 28.1 Interpretation of serum magnesium concentration

Hypomagnesemia			Normal range	Hypermagnesemia		
Severe	Moderate	Mild		Mild	Moderate	Severe
<1.0 mg/dL <0.5 mmol/L	1.0-1.5 mg/dL 0.4-0.6 mmol/L	1.6-1.9 mg/dL 0.7-0.8 mmol/L	1.7-2.1 mg/dL 0.70-0.85 mmol/L	4.8-7.2 mg/dL 2.0-3.0 mmol/L	7.2-12 mg/dL 3.0-5.0 mmol/L	>12 mg/dL >5 mmol/L
<0.8 mEq/L	0.8-1.2 mEq/L	1.4-1.6 mEq/L	1.4-1.7 mEq/L	4.0-6.0 mEq/L	6.0-10 mEq/L	>10 mEq/L
Conversion factors for serum magnesium: 1 mEq/L = 1.2 mg/dL = 0.5 mmol/L						

- **Normal blood ranges:** The normal serum magnesium level is 1.7 to 2.1 mg/dL (0.70 to 0.85 mmol/L, 1.4 to 1.7 mEq/L), and their values in magnesium disorders are summarized in Table 28.1.
- As the clinical effects of magnesium disorders are determined primarily by tissue magnesium content, serum magnesium levels have limited diagnostic value.

Want to read more?

[Get Printed Version](#)[Get Kindle Version](#)

REFERENCES

1. de Baaij JH, Hoenderop JG, Bindels RJ. Magnesium in man: implications for health and disease. *Physiol Rev.* 2015;95(1):1–46.
2. Jähnen-Decent W, Ketteler M. Magnesium basics. *Clin Kidney J.* 2012;5(1):i3–i14.
3. Fatemi S, Ryzen E, Flores J, et al. Effect of experimental human magnesium depletion on parathyroid hormone secretion and 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D metabolism. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab* 1991;73(5):1067–72.
4. Lindsay AL, Bazyllo, Needham M, et al. Calcium, Magnesium, and Phosphate, *Laboratory Medicine* 2014;45(1):e44–e50.
5. Eisenbud E, LoBue CC. Hypocalcemia after therapeutic use of magnesium sulfate. *Arch Intern Med* 1976;136(6):688–91.
6. Rodríguez-Ortiz ME, Canalejo A, Herencia C, et al. Magnesium modulates parathyroid hormone secretion and upregulates parathyroid receptor expression at moderately low calcium concentration. *Nephrol Dial Transplant.* 2014;29(2):282–9.
7. Blaine J, Chonchol M, Levi M. Renal control of calcium, phosphate, and magnesium homeostasis. *Clin J Am Soc Nephrol.* 2015;10(7):1257–1272.
8. Swaminathan R. Magnesium metabolism and its disorders. *Clin Biochem Rev.* 2003;24(2):47–66.
9. Yee J. Magnesium: An Important Orphan. *Adv Chronic Kidney Dis.* 2018;25(3):217–221.
10. Schuchardt JP, Hahn A. Intestinal Absorption and Factors Influencing Bioavailability of Magnesium—An Update. *Curr Nutr Food Sci.* 2017;13(4):260–278.
11. Curry JN, Yu ASL. Magnesium Handling in the Kidney. *Adv Chronic Kidney Dis.* 2018;25(3):236–243.
12. Martin KJ, González EA, Slatopolsky E. Clinical consequences and management of hypomagnesemia. *J Am Soc Nephrol.* 2009;20(11):2291–5.
13. Wong ET, Rude RK, Singer FR, et al. A high prevalence of hypomagnesemia and hypermagnesemia in hospitalized patients. *Am J Clin Pathol.* 1983;79(3):348–352.
14. Limaye CS, Londhey VA, Nadkarni MY, et al. Hypomagnesemia in critically ill medical patients. *J Assoc Physicians India.* 2011;59:19–22.
15. Cheungpasitporn W, Thongprayoon C, Qian Q. Dysmagnesemia in Hospitalized Patients: Prevalence and Prognostic Importance. *Mayo Clin Proc.* 2015;90(8):1001–10.
16. Cheungpasitporn W, Thongprayoon C, Chewcharat A, et al. Hospital-Acquired Dysmagnesemia and In-Hospital Mortality. *Med Sci (Basel).* 2020;8(3):37.
17. M Kumar A, Naik MK. Prevalence of admission hypomagnesemia in critically ill patients *International Journal of Health and Clinical Research,* 2021;4(2):129–133.
18. Van Laecke S. Hypomagnesemia and hypermagnesemia. *Acta Clin Belg.* 2019;74(1):41–47.
19. Liamis G, Liberopoulos E, Alexandridis G, et al. Hypomagnesemia in a department of internal medicine. *Magnes Res.* 2012;25(4):149–58.
20. Whang R, Ryder KW. Frequency of hypomagnesemia and hypermagnesemia. Requested vs routine. *JAMA* 1990;263(22):3063–4.
21. Huang CL, Kuo E. Mechanism of hypokalemia in magnesium deficiency. *J Am Soc Nephrol.* 2007;18(10):2649–52.

-
- 22. Pham PC, Pham PM, Pham SV, et al. Hypomagnesemia in patients with type 2 diabetes. *Clin J Am Soc Nephrol.* 2007;2(2):366–73.
 - 23. Chrysant SG, Chrysant GS. Association of hypomagnesemia with cardiovascular diseases and hypertension. *Int J Cardiol Hypertens.* 2019;1:100005.
 - 24. Ter Braake AD, Shanahan CM, de Baaij JHF. Magnesium Counteracts Vascular Calcification: Passive Interference or Active Modulation? *Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol.* 2017;37(8):1431–1445.
 - 25. Assadi F. Hypomagnesemia: an evidence-based approach to clinical cases. *Iran J Kidney Dis.* 2010;4(1):13–19.
 - 26. Tucker BM, Pirkle JL Jr, Raghavan R. Urinary Magnesium in the Evaluation of Hypomagnesemia. *JAMA.* 2020;324(22):2320–2321.
 - 27. Velissaris D, Karamouzos V, Pierrakos C, et al. Hypomagnesemia in Critically Ill Sepsis Patients. *J Clin Med Res.* 2015;7(12):911–8.
 - 28. Agus ZS. Hypomagnesemia. *J Am Soc Nephrol.* 1999;10(7):1616–22.
 - 29. Hansen BA, Bruserud Ø. Hypomagnesemia in critically ill patients. *J Intensive Care.* 2018;6:21.
 - 30. Chonchol M, Smogorzewski MJ, Stubbs JR, et al. Disorders of Calcium, Magnesium, and Phosphate Balance. In: Brenner and Rector's The Kidney, 11th ed, Yu A, Chertow G, Luyckx V, et al (Eds), W.B. Saunders & Company, Philadelphia 2020.p.603.
 - 31. Fulop T. Hypomagnesemia treatment & management. Updated Oct 30, 2020. Available at <https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/2038394-treatment#d10> (accessed 18 January 2022).
 - 32. Kraft MD, Btaiche IF, Sacks GS, et al. Treatment of electrolyte disorders in adult patients in the intensive care unit. *Am J Health Syst Pharm.* 2005;62(16):1663–82.
 - 33. Neumar RW, Otto CW, Link MS, et al. Part 8: adult advanced cardiovascular life support: 2010 American Heart Association guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and emergency cardiovascular care. *Circulation.* 2010;122(18 Suppl 3):S729–67.
 - 34. Tzivoni D, Banai S, Schuger C, et al. Treatment of torsade de pointes with magnesium sulfate. *Circulation.* 1988;77(2):392–7.
 - 35. Hammond DA, Stojakovic J, Kathe N, et al. Effectiveness and Safety of Magnesium Replacement in Critically Ill Patients Admitted to the Medical Intensive Care Unit in an Academic Medical Center: A Retrospective, Cohort Study. *J Intensive Care Med.* 2019;34(11–12):967–972.
 - 36. McDonnell NJ, Muchatuta NA, Paech MJ. Acute magnesium toxicity in an obstetric patient undergoing general anaesthesia for caesarean delivery. *Int J Obstet Anesth.* 2010;19(2):226–31.

KidneyEducation



Join the Mission to Fight Kidney Diseases

Explore the world's largest multilingual website created by a global team of over 100 nephrologists.

www.KidneyEducation.com

- » Read online or download the 200-page book "Save Your Kidneys" in 40 languages—completely free.
- » This comprehensive resource offers valuable information on preventing and managing common kidney problems, tailored for kidney patients and their families.
- » It's an authentic guide, prepared by nephrologists and free from any external funding.